

Storm Water Rate Study Marshalltown Storm Water Utility Marshalltown, Iowa

March 4, 2013

Global Service Provider

Buildings Energy Environment Transportation Water



Riverview Park

Woodland St

Woodland St

Woodland St

Edgewood St

Linwood St

N 5th Ave

Innes Blvd

N Center St

Riverside Cemetery

Riverside St

E Marion St

W North St

E North St

E Marion St

E Marion St

E Swayze St

E Swayze St

100 m

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11/5/2012

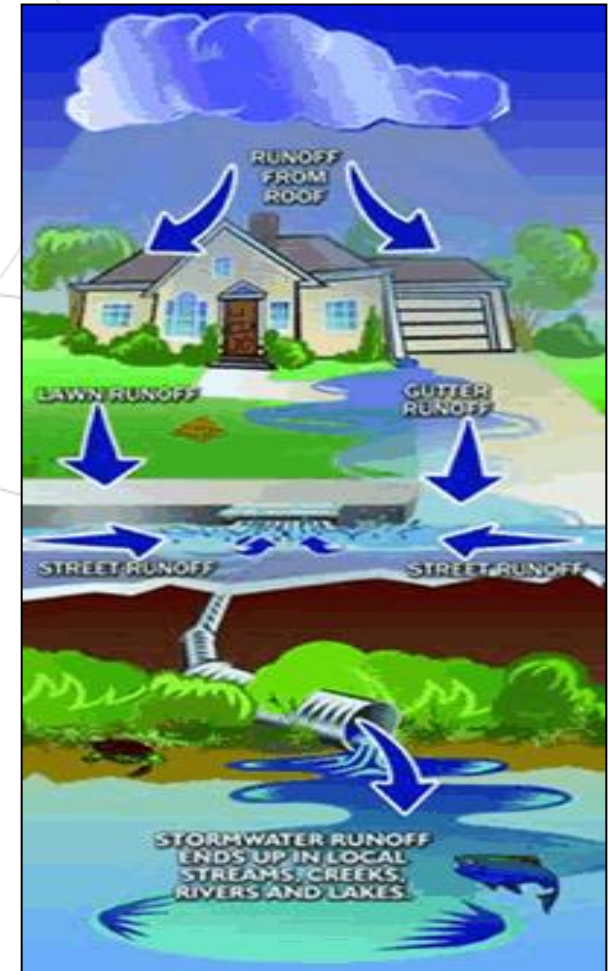




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Storm Water Utility's Responsibility is to Manage Storm Water

- Protect public health, safety, welfare
- Transport flow in defined channels so random flooding does not occur
- Keep streets drained and cleared so travel is safe
- Protect water quality and quantity impacts
- Correct drainage problems to reduce erosion and loss of property
- Conduct ongoing inspection and maintenance



Impervious Area Most Significant Factor in Volume & Quantity of Runoff From Parcels



Runoff: major contributing factor in erosion and water pollution



Impervious surfaces decrease infiltration, increase runoff and allow pollutants to accumulate. Runoff determines size of storm sewer system.

Regulatory Requirements Mandate Runoff Quality Compliance

- USEPA's Phase II of the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) – federal storm water program
 - Public education
 - Public participation
 - Illicit discharge detection and elimination
 - Construction site runoff control
 - Post-construction site runoff control
 - Good housekeeping/pollution prevention



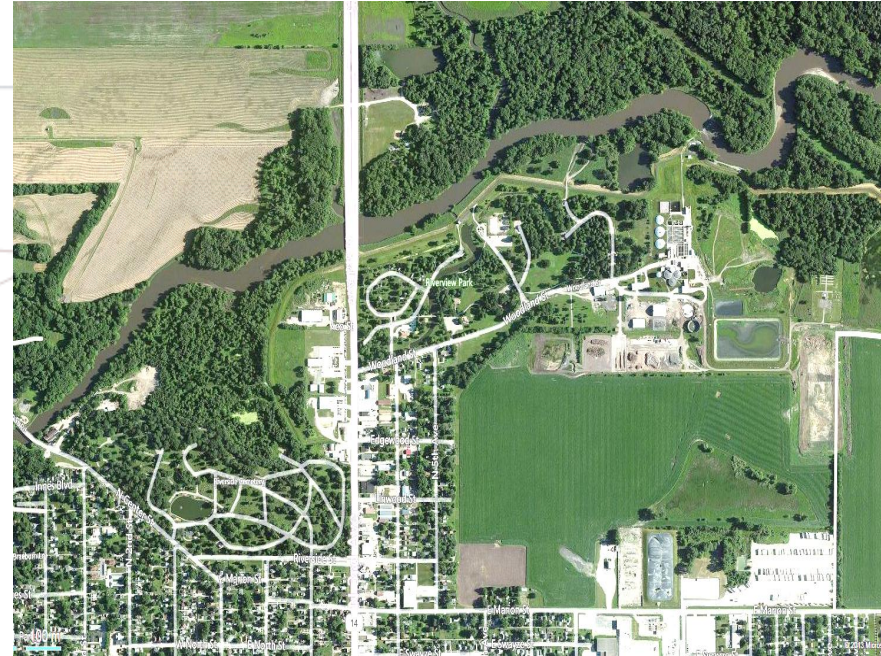
Storm Water Fee Provides Revenue to Maintain and Improve Storm Water System

- Current Storm Water Management deficit spending due to:
 - Inflation
 - Rising costs
 - Increased deterioration
 - LOST funding no longer available for storm water projects
- Operating and Maintenance Requirements
 - Storm intake / Storm pipe repairs and replacements
 - Cleaning ditches, waterways, & other storm water conveyance structures
 - Street sweeping
 - Storm sewer cleaning
 - Stream inspection and sampling
 - Coordinate NPDES storm water program mandates



Capital Projects Identified to Address Deficiencies

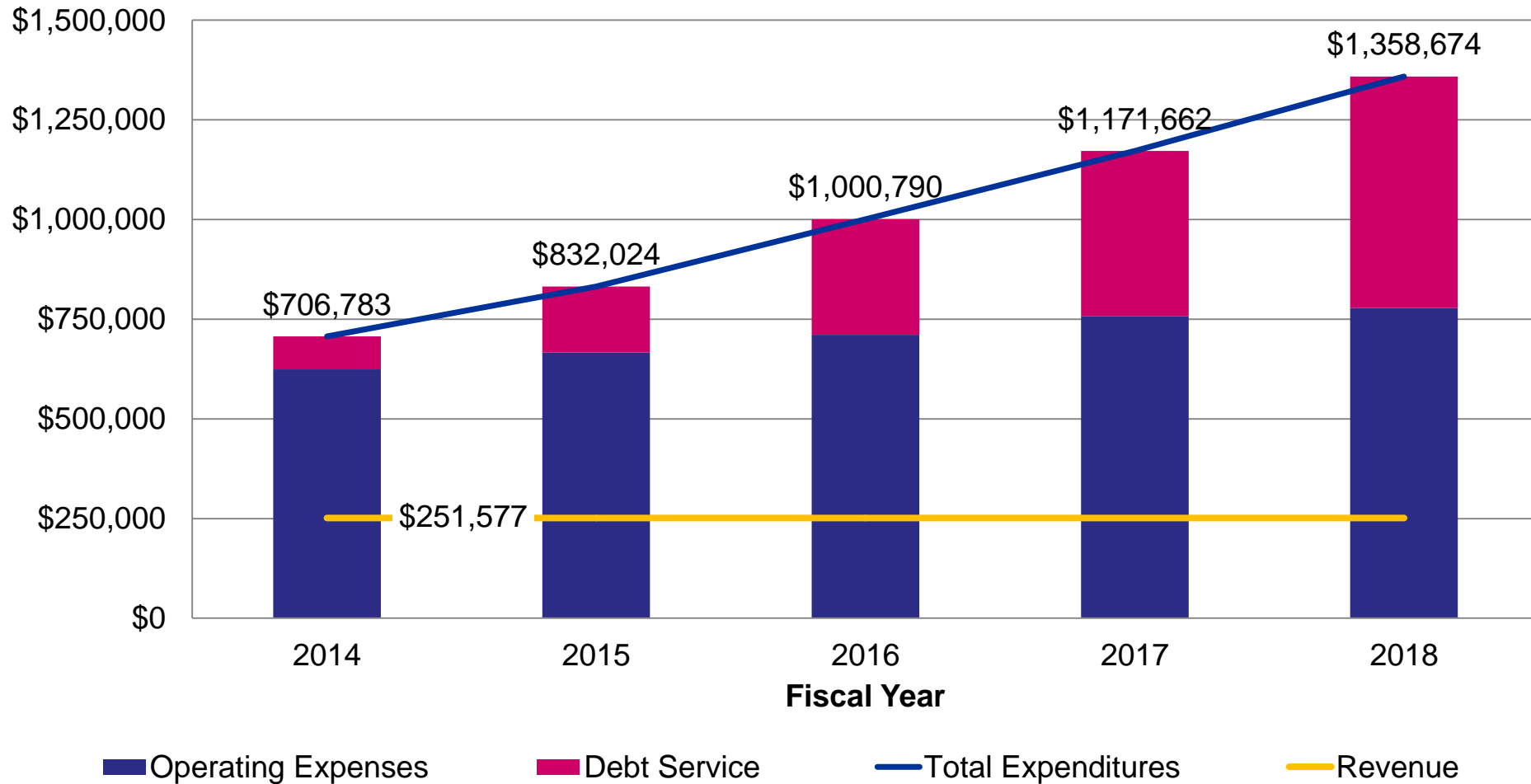
- Major repairs for levee system required for FEMA accreditation
 - Raising height
 - Replace poorly functioning flap gates
- Other projects required to:
 - Relieve flooding in streets/yards
 - Provide detention
 - Add intakes; Enlarge sewers
 - Divert storm water
 - Relieve backups in basements



Storm Water Capital Projects	
Fiscal Year 2014-2015	
Levee Upgrade	\$2,000,000
Fiscal Year 2016-2021	
Anson Creek	\$500,000
4th Street and Meadow Lane Storm Sewer	\$350,000
1 st /2 nd Avenue & Ingledu Storm Sewer	\$800,000
13 th Street and Church Street Intersection & Sewer	\$1,500,000
MHS Soccer Field Storm Sewer	\$350,000
Edgebrook Storm Relief Sewers	\$600,000
3 rd Street and Park Storm Sewer Rerouting	\$350,000
Swayze Street to Woodland Street Channel	\$1,250,000
Dredge Detention Ponds & Install Sediment Ponds	\$1,200,000
Dredge Flood Holding Areas	\$600,000
Upsize Various Undersized Storm Sewers	\$2,000,000
Re-establish 1st Street Storm Sewer Under UPRR	\$1,000,000
Sub-Total	\$10,500,000
TOTAL	\$12,500,000
Source: City of Marshalltown Storm Sewer System Master Plan for Rehabilitation and Capacity Improvements, 2006	

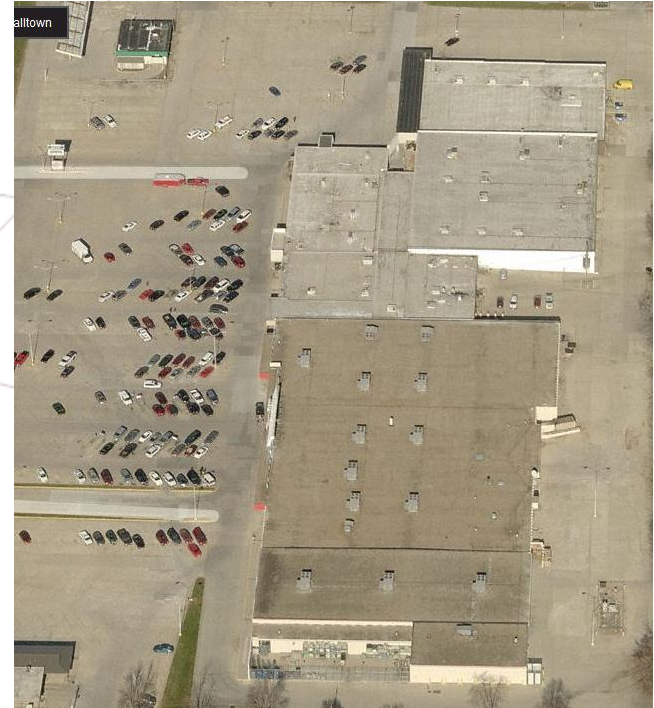
Storm Water Expenses					
	FY2014	FY2015	FY2016	FY2017	FY2018
Operating & Maintenance	\$623,883	\$666,224	\$710,590	\$757,062	\$778,274
Capital Financing					
2014 - Levee Upgrade (\$1.0 M bond)	\$82,900	\$82,900	\$82,900	\$82,900	\$82,900
2015 - Levee Upgrade (\$1.0 M bond)	\$0	\$82,900	\$82,900	\$82,900	\$82,900
2016 - CIP (\$1.5 M bond)	\$0	\$0	\$124,400	\$124,400	\$124,400
2017 - CIP (\$1.5 M bond)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$124,400	\$124,400
2018 - CIP (\$2.0 M bond)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$165,800
Sub-Total	\$82,900	\$165,800	\$290,200	\$414,600	\$580,400
TOTAL EXPENSES	\$706,783	\$832,024	\$1,000,790	\$1,171,662	\$1,358,674

Projected Shortfall with Present Rate



Current Storm Water Charge Not Adequate to Meet Storm Water Management Goals

- Current Storm Water Charge
 - \$2.16 (established 2003)
- All customers pay same amount regardless of contribution
- All properties owners who receive drainage services do not share in cost
- Federal and state funding for water and wastewater systems but not for storm water systems

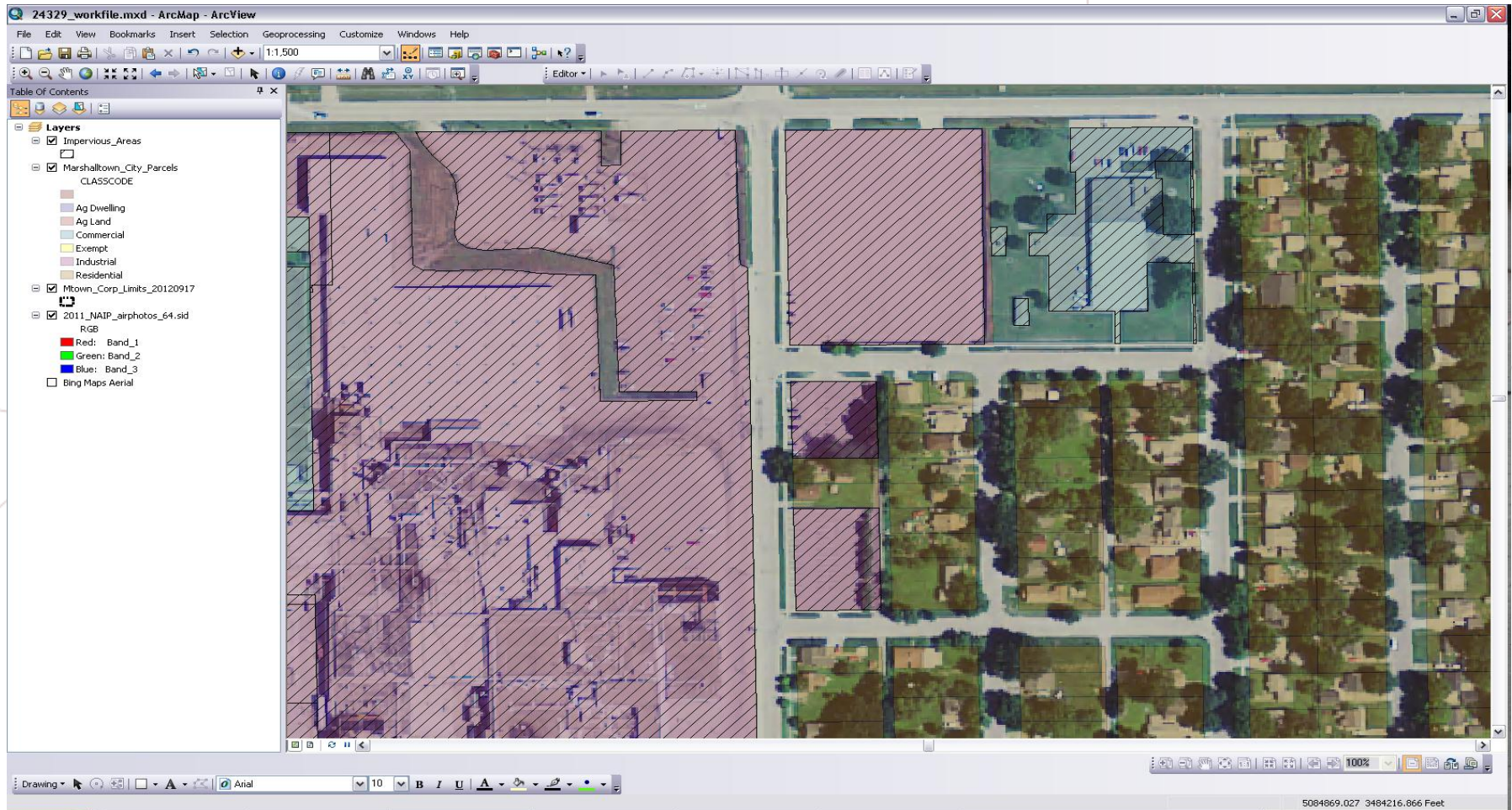


Need to Establish User Fee Equal to Services Received

- Storm Water Utility is self-supported enterprise fund with dedicated revenue stream
- Businesses and residents pay user fee for services received
- Fair and equitable charge equal to demand on system
- All property owners who receive drainage services share in cost of storm water program
- Adequate charge to provide primary source of funding

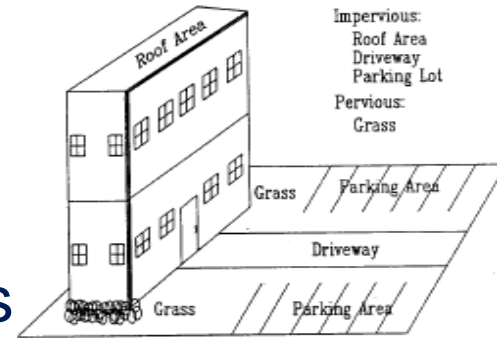


Impervious Area Has Direct & Accepted Relationship to Runoff Leaving a Property



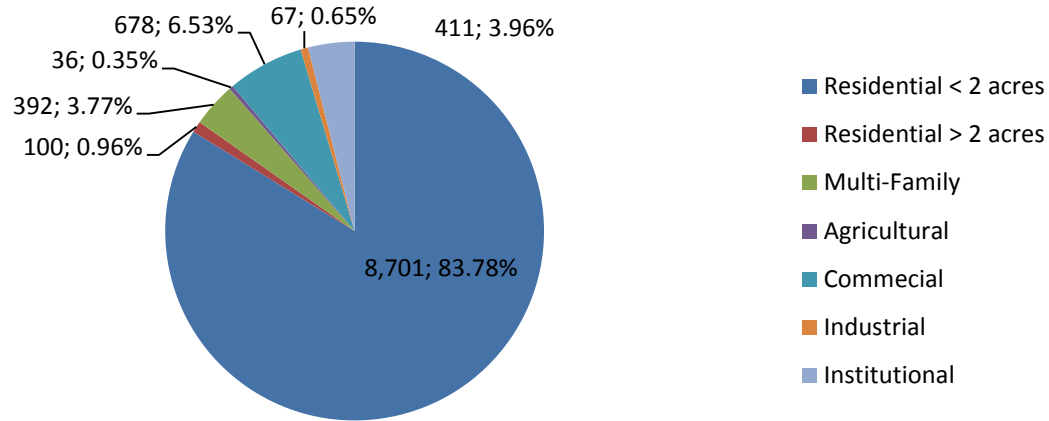
Proposed Storm Water Rate Structure

- Flat rate for all residential < 2 acres.
- Tiered rate based on amount of impervious area for all non-residential parcels.

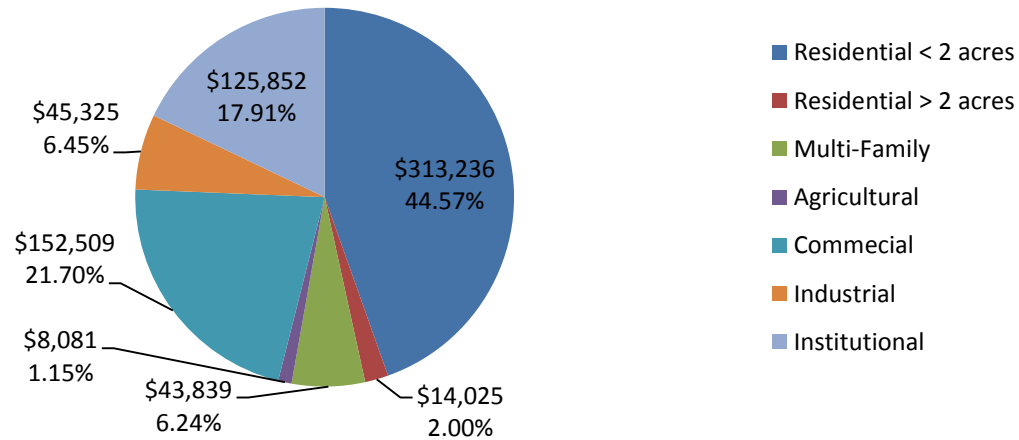


	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016
	Per Parcel/Month		
Residential < 2 Acres	\$3.00	\$3.54	\$4.26
Tiered Rates (Impervious Area)			
150 - 10,000 ft ²	\$7.74	\$9.11	\$10.97
10,000.1 - 50,000 ft ²	\$15.48	\$18.22	\$21.94
50,000.1 - 100,000 ft ²	\$30.96	\$36.44	\$43.88
100,000.1 - 250,000 ft ²	\$61.92	\$72.88	\$87.76
250,000.1 - 500,000 ft ²	\$123.84	\$145.76	\$175.52
500,000.1 - 1,000,000 ft ²	\$247.68	\$291.52	\$351.04
1,000,000.1 - Max	\$495.36	\$583.04	\$702.08

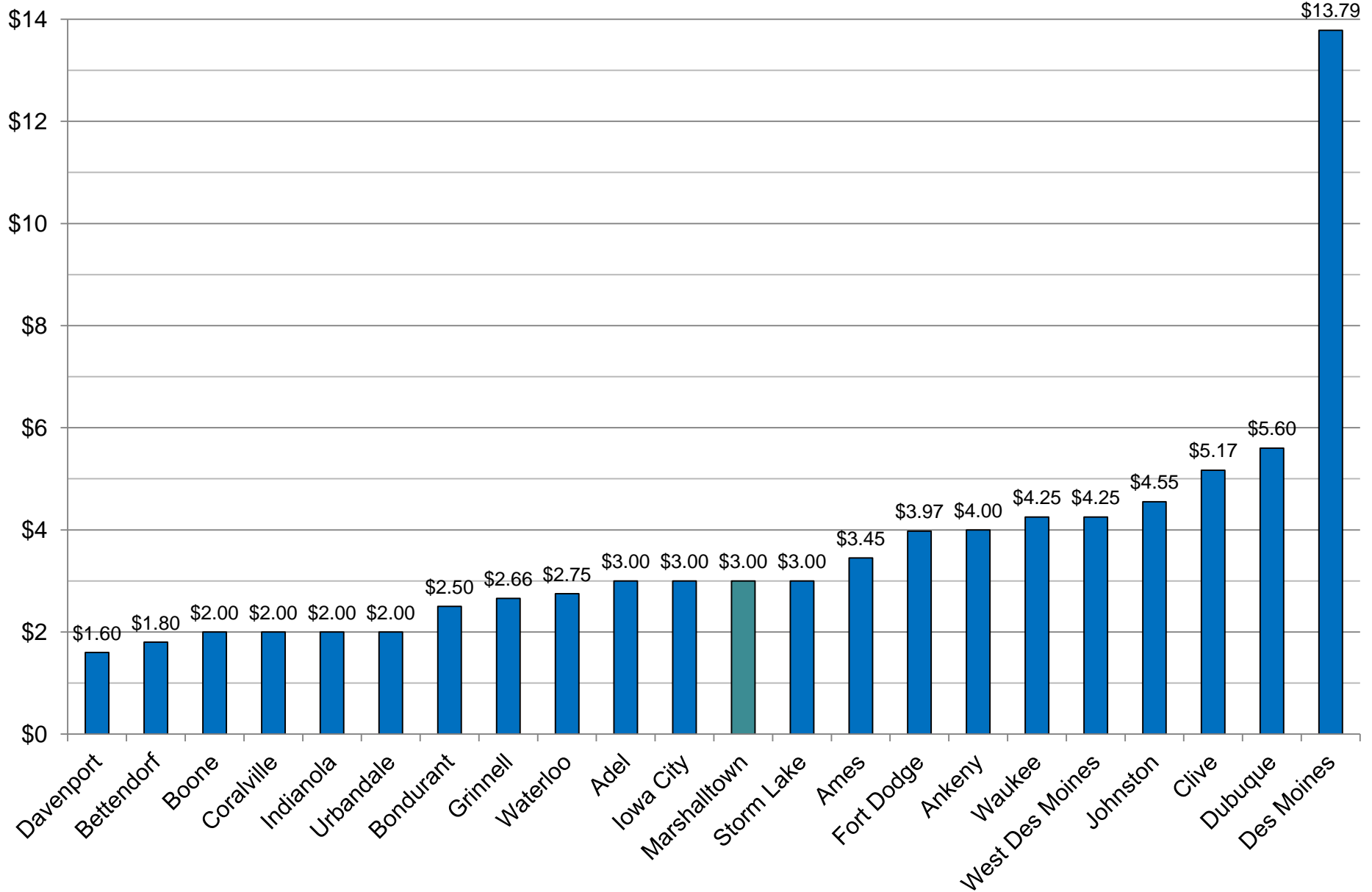
Parcels by Customer Class



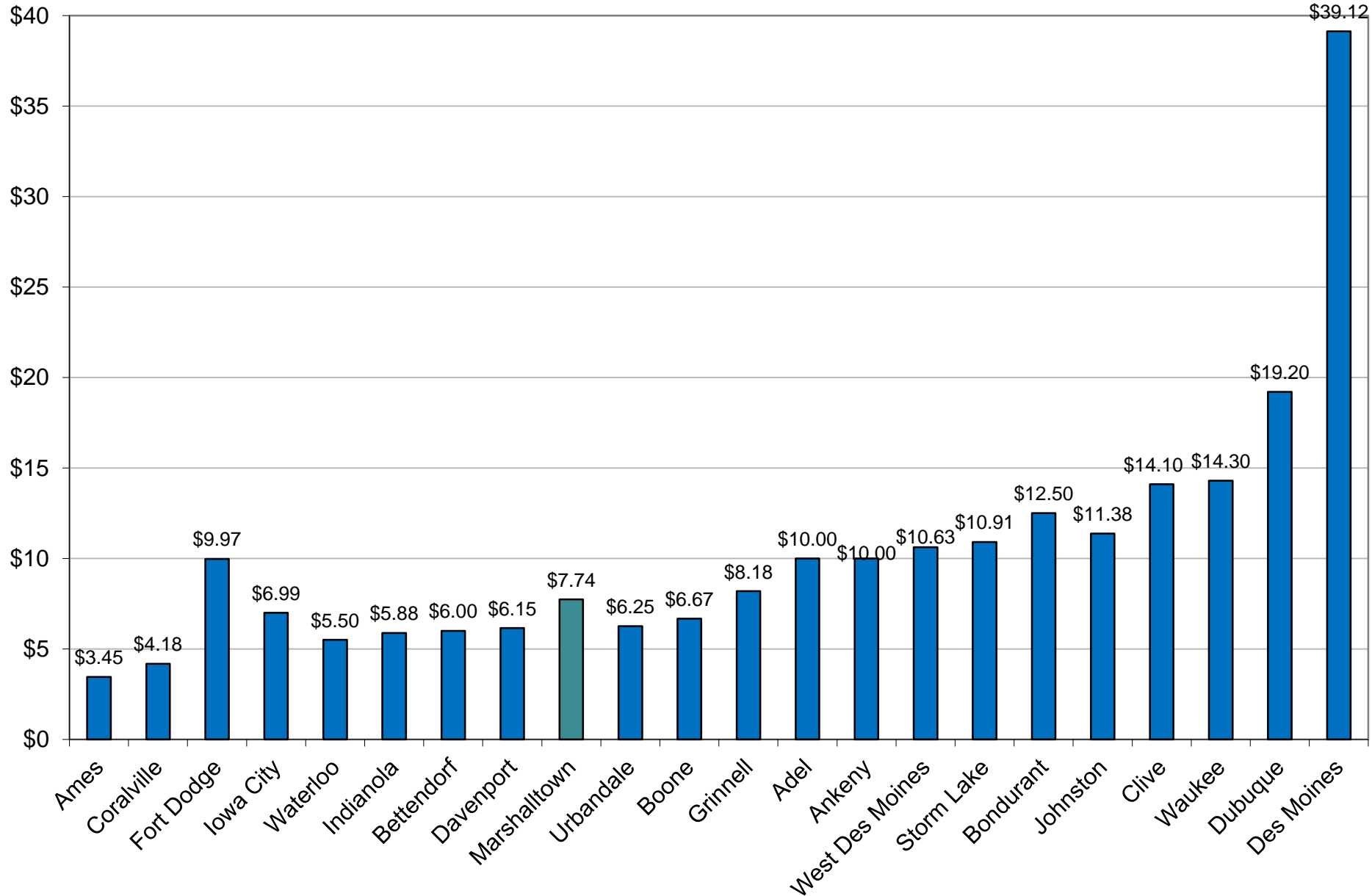
Revenue by Customer Class



Monthly Storm Water Charge Residential - 10,000 ft² Gross Area

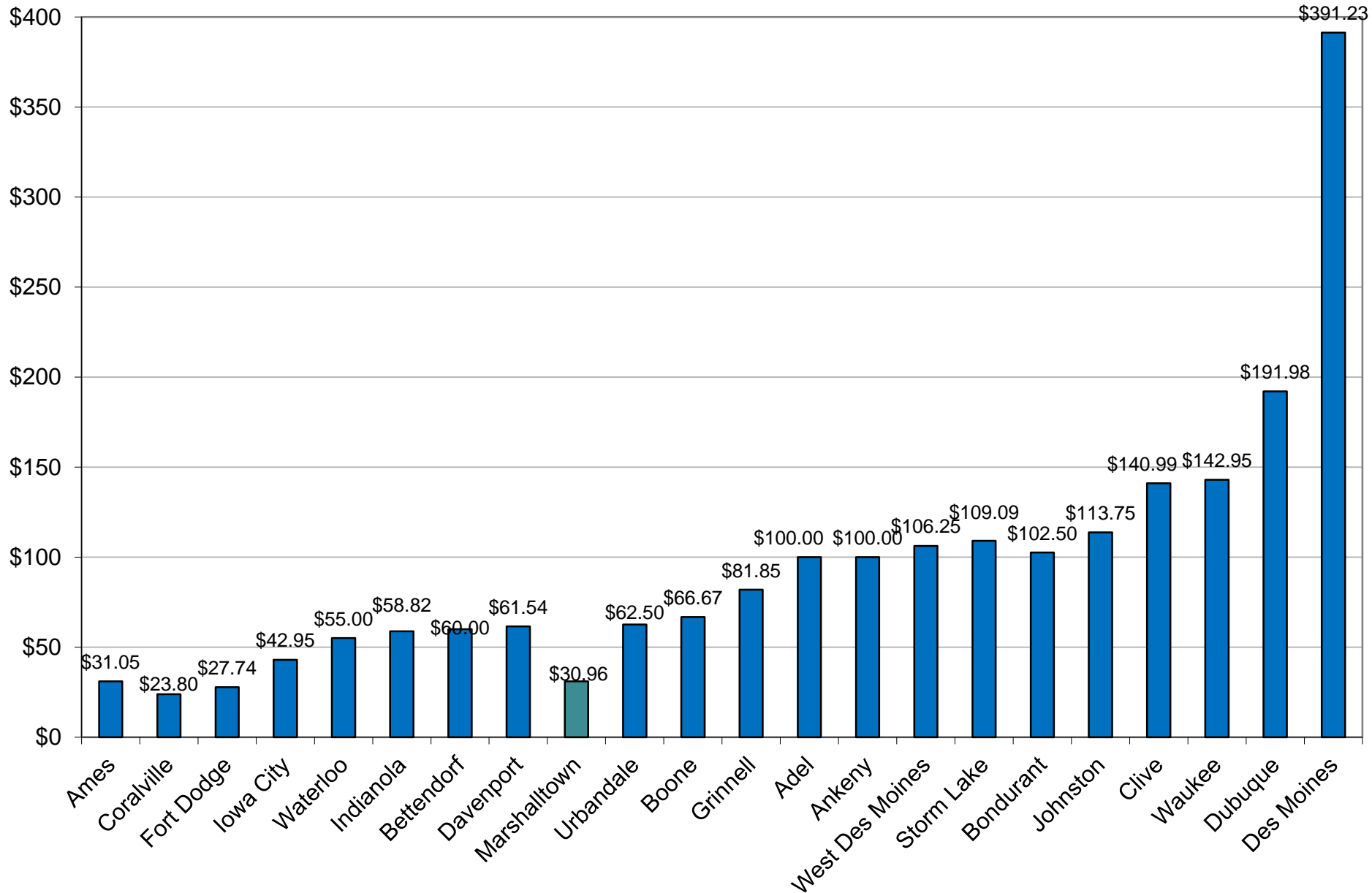


Monthly Storm Water Charge Non-Residential - 10,000 ft² Impervious Area



Monthly Storm Water Charge

Non-Residential - 100,000 ft² Impervious Area



Monthly Storm Water Charge

Non-Residential - 1,000,000 ft² Impervious Area

